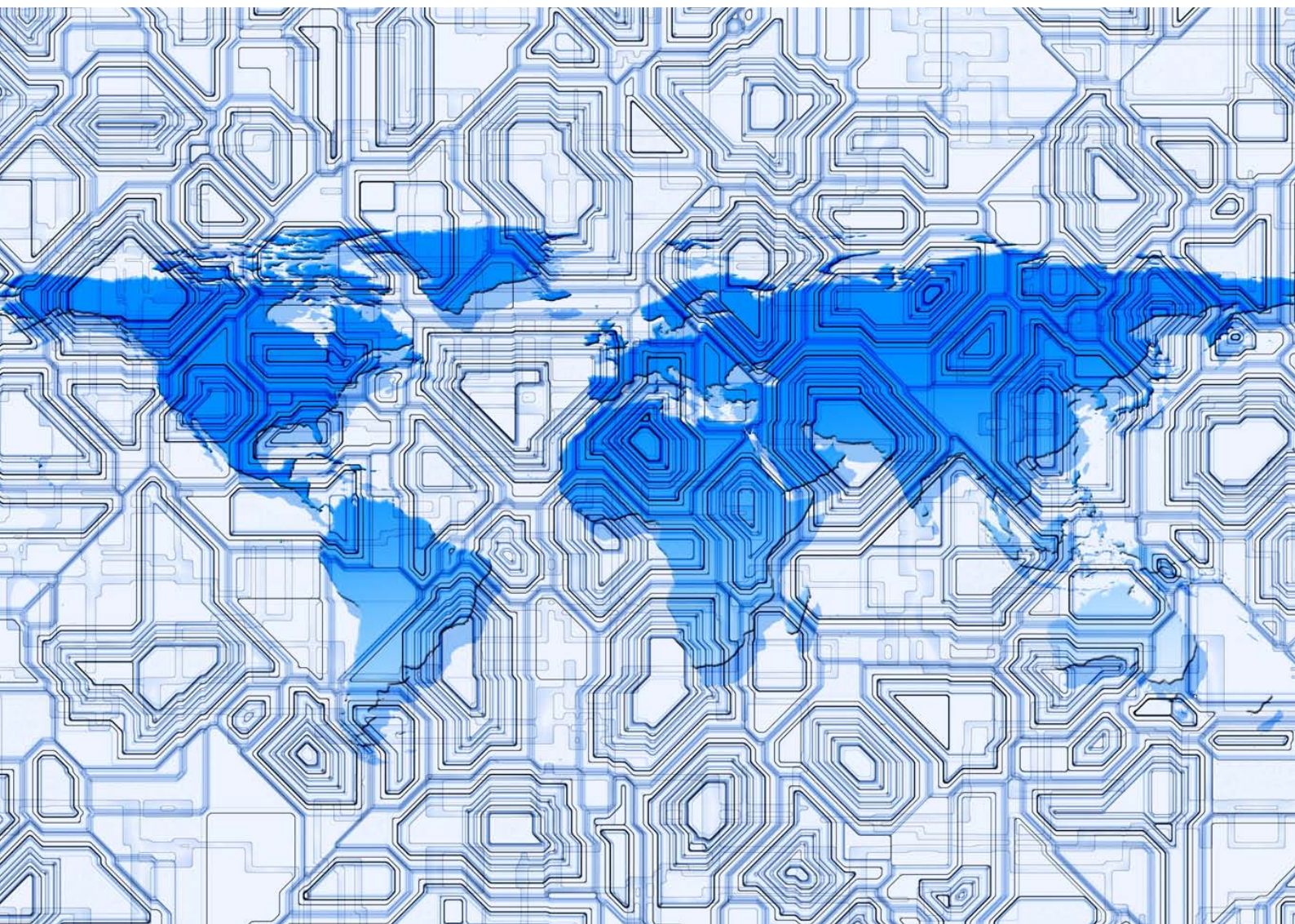


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《全球合规快讯》

Global Compliance Express

轻工专刊

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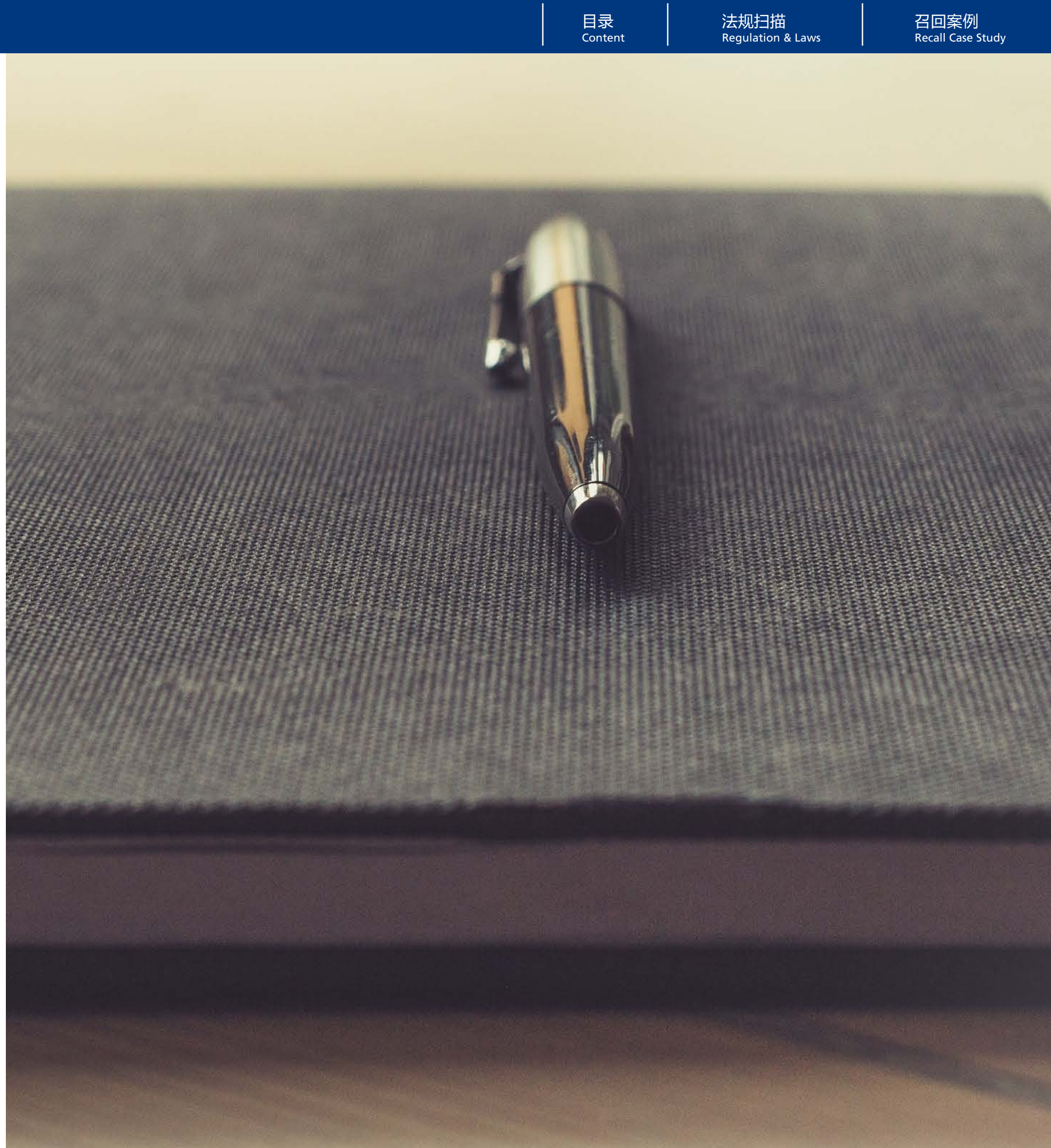
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1、USA - CPSC Proposed Safety Standard for Portable Hook-On Chairs (16 CFR 1233) (2015.7.3)

美国-消费品安全协会提议针对便携式儿童餐桌挂椅的安全标准(16 CFR 1233) (2015.7.3)

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) has proposed a new draft safety standard (16 CFR 1233) for portable hook-on chairs. The draft safety standard incorporates by reference the voluntary ASTM standard for portable hook-on chairs (ASTM F1235-15) without any modifications. If approved as proposed, each portable hook-on chair shall comply with all applicable provisions of ASTM F1235-15, Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Portable Hook-On Chairs.

The Commission proposes that the standard becomes effective 6 months after publication of a final rule in the Federal Register
美国消费品安全协会提议了一份新的针对便携式儿童餐桌挂椅的安全标准草案。此安全标准草案完全参考合并了ASTM自愿性标准便携式儿童餐桌挂椅ASTM F1235-15中的要求。如果此提议被通过，每个便携式儿童餐桌挂椅都需要符合安全标准ASTM F1235-15中的所有适用条款。协会提议此标准将在联邦公报中最终公布6个月后生效。

2、EU – Draft Commission Regulation amending Annex XVII to REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 on Cadmium (2015.7.3)

欧盟-委员会修订REACH法规No. 1907/2006附录17中对镉的限制要求

The European Commission intends to amend Annex XVII to REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, particularly the restriction of cadmium and its compounds in paints. The amendment is proposed as follows :
欧盟委员会决定修订REACH法规附录17中No. 1907/2006，特别针对油漆中镉及其化合物的限制。被提议的修订内容如下：

In Annex XVII, paragraph 2 of entry 23, cadmium and its compounds:
在附录17，第2段落23条目中，镉及其化合物：

Shall not be used or placed on the market in paints with codes [3208] [3209] in a concentration (expressed as Cd metal) equal to or greater than 0.01 % by weight.
市场上油漆中的镉含量应小于总量的0.01%

For paints with codes [3208] [3209] with a zinc content exceeding 10 % by weight of the paint, the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) shall not be equal to or greater than 0.1 % by weight.
针对锌含量超过总量10%的油漆，镉含量应小于总重的0.1%

Painted articles shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0.1 % by weight of the paint on the painted article
油漆涂层中镉含量大于等于总量0.1%油漆制品不得被投放市场。

3、Brazil - Approves Adjust-
ments to Conformity Assess-
ment Requirements for
Feeding Bottles and Teats
(2015.7.8)

巴西-批准修改奶瓶和奶嘴的
合格评定要求
(2015.7.8)

The National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality (INMETRO) of Brazil has published Portaria No.312/2015 to approve adjustments to the Conformity Assessment Requirements (RAC) for feeding bottles and teats, which was approved by Portaria No.490/2014. This new Portaria has entered into force immediately. The major adjustments are highlighted as follows:
巴西INMETRO (The National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality) 颁布了Portaria No.312/2015 , 该法规将会修改Portaria No. 490/2014有关于奶瓶及奶嘴合格评定的要求。此项新法规将会立刻实施。以下是该法规的更新内容：

The labels of teat and feeding bottle shall display the following warnings, as follows:
奶瓶及奶嘴的标签需要显示下列警告标示：
“Atenção: A régua contida nas mamadeiras é apenas orientativa, não servindo como instrumento de medição”
(It means: "Warning: The scale contained in feeding bottles is for guidance only, not intended as a measurement instrument.")
(意为： “警告：标尺只作为奶瓶指导使用，并非测量仪器。”)

Note: This warning is only applicable to the labels of feeding bottles
注：此警告只适用于奶瓶
“Atenção: Este produto contém látex de borracha natural. Seu uso pode causar reações alérgicas em pessoas sensíveis ao látex.”
(It means:"Warning: This product contains natural rubber latex. Its use can cause allergic reactions in persons sensitive to latex.")
(意为： “警告：此产品含有天然乳胶，可能会造成乳胶敏感人士的过敏反应。”)

Note: This warning is only applicable to the labels of feeding bottles and teats that contain natural rubber latex.
注：此警告只适用于含有天然乳胶的奶瓶及奶嘴。

4、Maine/USA – Approved
Final Rule on Designating 4
Phthalates as Priority Chemi-
cals (Chapter 888)
(2015.7.9)

美国缅因州通过最终法案，指
定4种邻苯二甲酸盐为优先限
制物质

The US State of Maine has published the final rule on designating four phthalates (DEHP, DBP, BBP and DEP) as priority chemicals under the Toxic Chemicals in Children’ s Products Law. The rule is enforced with immediate effect.
美国缅因州通过最终法案，将4种邻苯二甲酸盐(DEHP, DBP, BBP 和 DEP) 作为儿童产品有毒化学物质法的优先限制物质。该法规立刻生效并执行。

The rule completely adopts the revised proposed rule, except “raingear” has been added as an example for defining “clothing and footwear” .
除“雨具”被当作例子新增加入“服装和鞋类产品”，该法规完全采用修订后的被提议规则。

The reporting deadline of the new rule is around 19 December 2015. 该新规则的申报截止日期为2015年12月19日。

Note\注:

DEHP: di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate邻苯二甲酸二 (2-乙基) 己酯
DBP: dibutyl phthalate邻苯二甲酸二丁酯
BBP: benzyl butyl phthalate邻苯二甲酸丁基苄基酯
DEP: diethyl phthalate邻苯二甲酸二乙酯

5、EU - Updated List of
Harmonised Standards for
Directive 1999/5/EC
(2015.7.10)

欧盟-1999/5/EC指令更新协调
标准清单(2015年7月10日)

The European Union (EU) has published an updated list of harmonised standards for Directive 1999/5/EC on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equip- ment. The publication includes the updated versions of standards (e.g. EN 50561-1:2013/AC:2015, EN 60825-1:2014, EN 62368-1:2014/AC:2015) on the list.

欧盟已经公布1999/5/EC指令更新协调标准清单,关于无线电广播设备和通信终端设备.出版物包括此清单上最新更新版的标准(例如EN 50561-1:2013/AC:2015, EN 60825-1:2014, EN 62368-1:2014/AC:2015).

6、EU - Updated List of
Harmonised Standards for
Council Directive 93/42/EEC
(2015.7.10)

欧盟-更新指令93/42/EEC的协
调标准目录(2015年7月10日)

The European Union (EU) has published an updated list of harmonised standards for Council Directive 93/42/EEC concerning medical devices. The publication includes EN ISO 10993-3:2014 for biological evaluation of medical devices, EN 13718-2:2015 for air ambulances, and etc. on the list.

欧盟已经出版了一份更新的有关医疗器械指令93/42/EEC的协调标准目录。在此出版物的目录中包括有关生物学评价的标准EN ISO 10993-3:2014和有关救护飞机的标准EN 13718-2:2015等。

7、Brazil – Will Withdraw
Corrosion Resistance
Requirement for Children’s
Feeding Chairs and Strollers
(2015.7.13)

巴西-将撤销儿童餐椅和手推车的
抗腐蚀要求
(2015年7月13日)

8、 Mexico - Approves Amendment to NOM-252-SSA1-2011 for Toys and School Supplies (2015.7.14)

墨西哥-批准标准 NOM-252-SSA1-2011 “玩具和学校用品” 的修正案。(2015年7月14日)

The Mexican Ministry of Health approved and published the Amendment to Mexican Official Standard NOM-252-SSA1-2011 “Environmental Health. Toys and school supplies. Bioavailability limits of heavy metals. Chemical specifications and test methods” in the Official Journal. This amendment has entered into force. Point 1.2.3.1 of NOM-252-SSA1-2011 is amended as follows as proposed in the draft amendment: School supplies for preschool use (except pencils), toys and their parts (which have been imported under temporary regime) intended for the exportation.

墨西哥卫生部核准并在官方杂志上出版了墨西哥官方标准NOM-252-SSA1-2011 “对玩具和学校用品中重金属生物利用度的限制，以及化学规范和实验方法” 的修正案。这个修正案已经开始生效。如在修正案草案里提出的，OM-252-SSA1-2011的要点1.2.3.1修改如下：针对幼儿园使用的学校用品（铅笔除外），用于出口的玩具和它们的零部件（在临时政府下已经被进口的）。

9、 USA - Proposes Reformation of Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (2015.7.15)

美国- 提出有毒物质管控法案的改进（ TSCA ）(2015年7月15日)

The United States has a bill (H.R. 2576) introduced to propose an Act, which may be cited as the ‘TSCA Modernization Act of 2015’ , in order to reform and modernize the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) of 1976. This bill has passed the House of Representatives with a 398-1 vote (34 not voted), read twice in the Senate, and will be moved on discussion. 美国议案H.R. 2576提出设立一项法案,被认为是 “2015年TSCA现代化法案” ,为了改善并使1976年的有毒物质控制法案 (TSCA)更加与时俱进。这项议案在众议院以398 – 1通过(34票弃权)。在参议院被宣读了两次，并且将继续讨论。

If the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) initiates a risk evaluation, it must finish in 3 years. If a manufacturer initiates one, and includes the information EPA needs to make a decision, EPA should finish in 2 years. Once the risk evaluation is complete, if EPA decides a rule is needed to manage the risk, EPA must propose the rule within a year. 如果美国环保署EPA发起一个风险评估，它必须在3年内完成。如果由制造商发起，包括EPA需要对该信息在两年内做出裁决。风险评估完成后,如果EPA确定需要一个规则来管理风险，则必须在一年内提出。

In addition, the bill will also affect or pre-empt the state laws, since states and counties have recently continued to act to pass legislations that would ban or restrict the uses of certain chemicals in children’ s products. 此外，该议案还将影响到州法律，最近各个州、县持续通过立法来禁止或限制某些化学物质在儿童产品中的应用。

10、 Korea - The Special Act on Safety of Children’s Products (2015.7.16)

韩国- 儿童产品安全的特别法案



The Korean Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy (MOTIE) has published four more MOTIE Notices (2015-0107, 0108, 0109 & 0110) for the enforcement of the new “Special Act on Safety of Children’s Products”. Notices (2015-0107, 0108 and 0109) are trying to tell which products shall be governed by the Special Act with or without new requirements. Children’s products subject to the Special Act shall also comply with the chemical and labelling requirements of Notice 2015-0110. The notices have already come into effect.

韩国贸易、工业和能源部已经公布了四项通告(2015-0107, 0108, 0109 & 0110)来实施新的 “儿童产品安全的特别法案”。通告(2015-0107, 0108 & 0109)试图告知哪些产品被这个特别法案来管控以及哪些是在这个新要求范围之外的。儿童产品应该符合这个特殊法案通告2015-0110中化学以及标签的要求。此通告已经正式生效。
No. 2015-0110 Common Safety Standard for Children’ s Products
No. 2015-0110常见儿童产品安全标准

- 1. Shall apply to all the children’ s products subject to the Special Act (Apply to products for use by children age under 14 years old, excluding medicines; medical devices; cosmetic; food utensils, containers and packaging; as well as amusement facilities/equipment). 应当适用于所有儿童产品的特别法案(适用于年龄14岁以下儿童使用的产品,不含药物;医疗设备;化妆品,食品用具、容器和包装;以及游乐设施/设备)。
- 2. The amended requirements of hazardous substances are as follows: 有毒有害物质修订的要求如下：

Hazardous substances有毒有害物质		Limits限值
Release of certain elements 释放的某些元素	Antimony (Sb) 锑	≤60mg/kg
	Arsenic (As)砷	≤25mg/kg
	Barium (Ba)钡	≤1000mg/kg
	Cadmium (Cd)镉	≤75mg/kg
	Chromium (Cr)铬	≤60mg/kg
	Lead (Pb)铅	≤90mg/kg
	Mercury (Hg)汞	≤60mg/kg
	Selenium (Se)硒	≤500mg/kg
Content of certain elements 某些元素的总量	Total of Lead (Pb)总铅	≤300 mg/kg
	Total of Cadmium (Cd)总镉	≤75 mg/kg
Total content of phthalate plasticizer 邻苯二甲酸盐类增塑剂的总含量	DEHP	Sum of 0.1% 总和0.1%
	DBP	
	BBP	
	DINP	
	DIDP	
	DNOP	

Diethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP)邻苯二甲酸二异辛酯
Dibutyl Phthalate (DBP) 邻苯二甲酸二丁酯
Butyl benzyl Phthalate (BBP) 邻苯二甲酸苄丁酯
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP) 邻苯二甲酸二辛酯
Diisononyl Phthalate (DINP) 邻苯二甲酸二异壬酯
Di-iso-decyl phthalate (DIDP) 邻苯二甲酸二异癸酯

11、 Mexico - Approves
NOM-003-SCFI-2014 for
Electrical Products Including
Electric Toys
(2015.7.17)

墨西哥 – 批准了最新的针对电
子产品，包含电动玩具的官方
标准NOM-003-SCFI-2014

3. Asbestos are banned from children’ s products.
儿童产品中禁用石棉
4. Physical requirements, such as small part, edge, sharp point and dangerous magnet
were added.
增加了例如小部件、边缘、尖点以及危险的磁体等物理测试的要求
5. The following items shall be included in the labeling. However, if specific labeling
requirement is required for a particular product, then follow its specific labeling require
ment of its safety standard.
同时也包括标签的要求。然而，如果特定的产品已经有特殊的标签要求，那么需按照安全标准的
特殊标签要求。

The Mexican Ministry of Economy approved and published the new Mexican Official Standard
NOM-003-SCFI-2014 “Electrical Products - Safety Specifications” in the Official Journal. Except for
power tools and seasonal decorative products, on 28 May 2016, this new standard shall enter into
force and substitute the current NOM-003-SCFI-2000 published on 10 January 2001. Electric toys
are covered by this new standard.

墨西哥经济部批准并在官方杂志上出版了新的墨西哥官方标准NOM-003-SCFI-2014 “电子产品-安
全规范”。除去电动工具和季节性的装饰用品外，从2016年5月28日起，这个新的标准应该开始实
行并取缔现行的2001年1月10日发行的标准NOM-003-SCFI-2000。这个标准包括电动玩具。

Scope\范围

It covers products established in Chapter 1 of the Mexican standard NMX-J-175/1-ANCE, applicable
to electric toys, but excludes the electronic toys, even if they lie within the scope of
NMX-J-175/1-ANCE. Electric toy means product that is intended for the use of a child under 14
years of age for playing purposes, which have at least a function that depends on electricity and
does not include internal electronic circuits for its principal function.

此标准覆盖墨西哥标准NMX-J-175/1-ANCE第一章中的产品，适用于电动玩具，但是不包括电子
玩具，虽然此类产品被包括在NMX-J-175/1-ANCE的范围内。电动玩具指的是预期供14岁以下儿
童玩耍的产品，其至少有一种功能是依靠电力的，并且其主要功能是不包括电子电路的。



12、 USA - CPSC Publishes
Determination Regarding
Heavy Elements Limits for
Unfinished and Untreated
Wood in Toys (16 CFR 1251)
(2015.7.17)

美国CPSC发布决定有关玩具
中未经处理木材的重金属限
值

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) has published a direct final rule to determine
that unfinished and untreated trunk wood does not contain heavy elements that would exceed the
limits specified in ASTM F963-11. Based on this determination (16 CFR 1251), unfinished and
untreated wood in toys does not require third party testing for the heavy element limits in ASTM
F963. This rule shall become effective on 15 September 2015 unless the CPSC receives a significant
adverse comment by 17 August 2015. Here are highlights of the determination:

美国消费品安全委员会（CPSC）发布了一条最终法案，规定不含超过ASTM F963-11规定的重金属限值
的玩具材料中未处理过的木料，基于16 CFR 1251将不再要求ASTM F963规定的重金属第三方测试。
法案将在2015年9月15日生效，除非CPSC在2015年8月17号之前收到重大反对意见。该法案主要内容如
下：

1. The following material used in toys subject to section 4.3.5 of ASTM F963 shall not be required to
comply with the third party testing requirements of section 14(a)(2) of the Consumer Product Safety
Act (CPSA).

满足ASTM F963第4.3.5部分要求的以下玩具材料不需满足消费品安全法（CPSA）第14(a)(2)部分规定的第
三方检测要求。

2. Unfinished and untreated wood does not exceed the limits for the heavy elements established in
section 4.3.5 of ASTM F963-11 with a high degree of assurance, provided that the material has been
neither treated nor adulterated with materials that could result in the addition of any of the heavy
elements listed in ASTM F963 at levels above their respective solubility limits.

未经处理过的木材，且肯定不会超过ASTM F963-11第4.3.5部分对重金属的要求，而且不会被处理或掺入
其它可能会造成该木材中的重金属超过ASTM F963规定的重金属溶解限值的材料。



Note\注意

• Unfinished and untreated wood means wood harvested from the trunks of trees with no
added surface coatings (such as, varnish, paint, shellac, or polyurethane) and no materials
added to the wood substrate (such as, stains, dyes, preservatives, antifungals, or insecticides). It
does not include manufactured or engineered woods (such as pressed wood, plywood, particle
board, or fiberboard). 未处理的木材指由直接砍伐的树木制作而成，没有表面涂层（如清漆、油漆、虫
漆或聚氨酯），且基质中未添加任何物质（染色剂、色素、防腐剂、抗真菌剂或杀虫剂）的木料。不包
括人造板（如压缩板、胶合板、刨花板或纤维板）。

• ASTM F963-11 Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Toy Safety ASTM F963-11玩具安全
标准

13、United Arab Emirates - Draft Control Scheme for Child Use and Care Articles to be Used for Infants and Children (2015.7.22)

阿拉伯联合酋长国-起草婴童用品的控制方案

Scope\范围

This control scheme applies to child use and care articles intended to use for infants and children, which are imported, made, manufactured or distributed within the UAE. These products shall comply with the mandatory standards listed in the following table.

此控制方案适用于进口至阿拉伯和在阿拉伯生产和经销的婴童用品，这些产品的强制标准如下：

Standard Number 标准号	Title of Mandatory Standard 标准标题
UAE.S/GSO 2079	Babies elastomeric feeding bottle teats 婴儿弹性喂养奶嘴
UAE.S/GSO 2015	Soothers for babies and young children - Part 1: General safety requirements 婴童安抚奶嘴-1一般要求
UAE.S/GSO 2016	Soothers for babies and young children - Part 2: Chemical requirements and tests 婴童安抚奶嘴-2化学要求和测试
UAE.S/GSO 2073	Soothers for babies and young children - Part 3: Physical requirements 婴童安抚奶嘴-3物理要求
UAE.S/GSO 2074	Soothers for babies and young children - Part 4:Test methods for physical requirements 婴童安抚奶嘴-4:物理要求的测试方法
GSO 2164	Child use and care articles - Drinking equipment - Part 1: General and physical requirements 儿童护理-饮水装备-1 一般和物理要求
GSO 2168	Child use and care articles - Drinking equipment - Part 2: Test methods of general and physical requirements 婴童用品-饮水装备-2--一般和物理要求的测试方法
UAE.S/GSO 2163	Child use and care articles - Drinking equipment - Part 3: Chemical requirements 婴童用品-饮水装备-3化学要求
GSO 2167	Child use and care articles - Drinking equipment - Part 4: Test methods of chemical requirements 婴童用品-饮水装备-4化学要求的测试方法
EN 14372:2004	Child use and care articles - Cutlery and feeding utensils - Safety requirements and tests 婴童用品-餐具和喂养器具-安全要求和测试

14、Rockland County/New York State/USA – Adopts Law Prohibiting Children’s Products with Toxic Chemicals (2015.7.23)

洛克兰郡/纽约州/美国-禁用儿童产品中有毒化学物

The County of Rockland has adopted Local Law No. 3 of 2015, known as “The Toxic Free Toys Act”, to protect infants and children from exposure to seven toxic chemicals in children’s apparel and children’s products. The law shall be effective from 12 October 2015.

洛克兰郡颁布了2015年第3号地方性法规“玩具无毒法案”。即无毒玩具法案，旨在防止儿童受到儿童服装及儿童产品中有毒化学物质的危害。此法案将于2015年10月12日生效。

According to the law, no person shall sell or offer for sale any children’s products or children’s apparel that contain:
据法规相关要求，任何人都不得供应或销售任何含有以下物质的儿童产品或儿童服装：
• benzene 苯
• lead 铅
• mercury 汞
• antimony 锑
• arsenic 砷
• cadmium 镉
• cobalt 钴

This prohibition shall not apply to: 该禁令不适用于：
• used children’s products that are sold or distributed for free at secondhand stores, yard sales, on the Internet or donated to charities; and
在二手店、庭院旧货市场出售或者用于慈善捐赠的免费赠送或出售的儿童产品；以及仅在互联网上销售的产品
• protective sporting equipment designed to prevent injury, including but not limited to helmets, knee pads or elbow pads.
运动防护装备，包括但不限于头盔、运动绑带、护膝和护肘

Note\注意

• Children means a person or persons aged 12 and under.
儿童指12岁及以下的人
• Children’s apparel means any item of clothing that consists of fabric or related material intended or promoted for use in children’s clothing.
儿童服装是指任何儿童服装中含有织物或其他相关材料以供使用的部件
• Children’s product means any product including toys, primarily intended for, made for, or marketed for use by children. Children’s product does not mean batteries, consumer electronics or electronic components, paper products, or a drug, biologic, medical device, food, or food additive regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
儿童产品是指设计或制造给儿童使用的任何产品，包括儿童玩具等。不包括电池、消费电子产品和组件、纸类产品，或由美国食品和药物管理局管制的药物、生物制品、医疗器械、食品或食品添加剂。



15、 China - Revised Draft GB Standard GB 18584 on VOCs and Heavy Metals in Wood Based Furniture (22015.7.24)

中国-修订GB 18584关于木质家具中挥发性有机化合物（ VOC ）和重金属限量的草案

The revised draft standard GB 18584 “Limit of volatile organic compounds and migration of heavy metal of wood based furniture”, has been released for public consultation. If approved, it shall replace GB 18584-2001. Here are highlights of this revised draft standard:

修订的国标草案GB 18584 “木制家具中挥发性有机化合物和重金属迁移的限量” ，已经公布并接受公众咨询。如果获得批准，它将代替GB 18584-2001。如下是新标准草案的重点内容：

1. This draft standard is applicable to indoor-use wood-based furniture.
此标准草案适用于室内使用木质家具。

2. The proposed limits are as follows:
拟订的限量如下：

Item	Limit
Formaldehyde Emission 甲醛释放量	≤ 0.10 mg/m3
Benzene 苯	≤ 0.11 mg/m3
Methylbenzene (Toluene) 甲苯	≤ 0.20 mg/m3
Xylene 二甲苯	≤ 0.20 mg/m3
Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC) 总挥发性有机物（ TVOC ）	≤ 0.60 mg/m3
Soluble Lead (Pb) 可溶性铅（ 铅 ）	≤ 90 mg/kg
Soluble Cadmium (Cd) 可溶性镉（ 镉 ）	≤ 75 mg/kg
Soluble Chromium (Cr) 可溶性铬（ 铬 ）	≤ 60 mg/kg
Soluble Mercury (Hg) 可溶性汞（ 汞 ）	≤ 60 mg/kg

3. The major proposed technical changes from GB 18584-2001 are as below:
与GB 18584-2001相比，主要的技术指标变化如下：
a) Revised limit and test method (e.g. pre-conditioning) for formaldehyde emission from wooden-based furniture
修正木家具甲醛释放量的限值及试验方法（ 如预处理 ）
b) Added limits and test methods for benzene, methylbenzene (toluene), xylene and TVOC
增加对苯， 甲苯， 二甲苯和TVOC（ 甲苯 ）的限值和试验方法
c) Revised test method (according to GB 6675.4-2014) for migration of elements
修订迁移元素的试验方法（ 根据GB 6675.4-2014 ）

d) Added Annex A - Calculation of contour volume for wood based furniture
增加附录A -木质家具外形体积计算方法
e) Added bibliography
增加参考标准的名录

Scope\范围

- GB 18584-2001 Indoor decorating and refurbishing materials - Limit of harmful substances of wood based furniture
GB 18584-2001室内装饰装修材料木家具中有害物质限量
- GB 6675.4-2014 Safety of toys - Part 4: Migration of certain elements
GB 6675.4-2014玩具安全- 4部分：特定元素的迁移

16、 China - Draft GB Standard on VOCs and Azo Dyes in Sofas (2015.7.27)

中国 - 起草沙发中挥发性有机化合物和可分解芳香胺限量的国家标准

The draft GB standard “Upholstered furniture - Limit of volatile organic compounds and decomposable aromatic amine of sofa” has been released for public consultation. Here are highlights of this draft GB standard:

起草国家标准” 软质家具-沙发中挥发性有机化合物和可分解芳香胺的限量” 的草案已经公布并接受公众咨询。如下是此份标准草案的重点内容：

1. This draft standard is applicable to indoor-use sofa products.
本标准草案适用于室内使用的沙发产品。
2. The proposed limits are as follows:
拟订的限量如下：

Category	Item	Limit
Volatile Organic Compounds in Sofas 沙发中挥发性有机化合物	Formaldehyde Emission 甲醛释放量	≤ 0.050 mg/m3
	Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC) 总挥发性有机物（ TVOC ）	≤ 0.60 mg/m3
Harmful Substances in Sofa Covering Materials 沙发覆盖材料中的有害物质	24 Decomposable Aromatic Amines 24种可分解芳香胺	Forbidden* 禁止*

* Test method for decomposable aromatic amine: GB 18401 for textile material; GB/T 19942 for leather and fur
*可分解芳香胺检测方法：GB 18401纺织材料；GB / T 19942皮革和毛皮

Note\注意

- GB 18401 National general safety technical code for textile products
GB 18401纺织产品国家安全技术规范
- GB/T 19942 Leather and fur - Chemical tests - Determination of banned azo colourants
GB/T 19942皮革-化学测试-禁用偶氮染料的测定

17、 Canada – Proposes New Cribs, Cradles and Bassinets Regulations (22015.7.28)

加拿大提议新的婴儿床及摇篮法规

The Canada Gazette has a publication of the proposed “Cribs, Cradles and Bassinets Regulations” (CCBR) for replacing the existing CCBR (SOR/2010-261). The proposal aims at protecting users from deformation and breakage hazards of crib drop-sides, and further aligning CCBR with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) requirements. Here are highlights of the proposal:

加拿大公报发布了新的婴儿床及摇篮法规提案，用来替代现有的SOR/2010-261。这项提案旨在保护使用者免于因婴儿床可下降面的变形和损坏带来的伤害，并进一步向美国消费品安全法案相一致。

1. Prohibition on the sale, importation, manufacture and advertisement of cribs, cradles and bassinets (CCB) with sides that are not rigidly attached to the ends (i.e. drop-sides).
禁止销售，进口，生产和营销两侧不是刚性连接的两端（即有可下降面）的婴儿床及摇篮。

2. Change in performance requirements and test methods:
修改了部分安全性能要求和测试方法

3. Update on product scope of performance requirement and test method for completely bounded openings to be CCB and sleep accessories with sides made out of textile or other pliable materials, including removable textile or pliable material covers.
更新了产品的适用范围

4. Amendment of the following labelling requirements:
原有标贴要求做了修改

5. Addition of the following labelling requirements:
增加了一些新的标贴要求

18、 Oregon/USA – Approves the “Toxic-Free Kids Act” (22015.7.30)

美国俄勒冈州-批准了《儿童无毒法案》

The Governor of Oregon has signed the Enrolled Senate Bill 478 for the “Toxic-Free Kids Act” . Here are highlights of the bill:
俄勒冈州州长签署了有关儿童无毒法案的入选参议院478号法案，以下是焦点内容：

• A list of high priority chemicals of concern for children’ s health when used in children’ s products (high priority chemicals) shall be established by the Oregon Health Authority (authority) and shall include chemicals listed on the Washington’ s Reporting List of Chemicals of High Concern to Children (CHCC List) at least.
俄勒冈州健康监管机构应当建立儿童用品中有关儿童健康的高关注物质列表，这个列表应至少覆盖华盛顿儿童高关注物质通报列表（CHCC列表）中的所有物质。

• A manufacturer of a children’ s product that contains a chemical included on the list in an amount at or above the following “de minimis level” shall provide a biennial notice to the authority by 1 January of each applicable notice year.
如果某种儿童用品使用列表中明示的化学品达到一定量，该产品制造商应做到两年一次通报当地监管机构，并于每通报年1月1日前完成。



19、 Singapore – Proposed RoHS in 6 EEE (2015.7.31)

新加坡 – 对6类电器产品提出RoHS要求

• The first biennial notice shall be submitted to the authority by 1 January of the year following the year that the chemical is added to the list. Notwithstanding it, the first biennial notices required to be submitted for chemicals that are included on the list adopted on 1 January 2016 shall be submitted to the authority no later than 1 January 2018.

制造商应于初次使用列表中物质年度的次年1月1日前完成初次通报。2016年1月1日后使用列表中物质，应最晚不迟于2018年1月1日通报。

• The notice shall contain:
通报信息包括：
1) Name and CAS Registry Number of chemical;
化学品的名称和CAS注册号码；
2) Category of product that contains the chemical;
使用化学品的产品类别；
3) Description of function of chemical;
化学品功能的描述；
4) Amount of chemical used in each unit of product reported as a range;
每个单位产品中该化学品的含量范围；
5) Name and address of manufacturer;
制造商的名称和地址；
6) Name, address, and telephone number of a contact person for the manufacturer;
经销商的名称、地址和联系电话；
7) Any other information that the manufacturer deems relevant to the appropriate use of the product.
有关产品正确使用其他信息。

The National Environmental Agency (NEA) of Singapore proposed to include the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in six Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE) under the Second Schedule of the existing Environmental Protection and Management Act (EPMA). The proposed RoHS control in Singapore (SG-RoHS) is modelled after the EU RoHS, but with some modifications. Here are highlights of the proposal.

在已实施的环境保护管理法案(EPMA)的第二阶段，新加坡国家环保局(NEA)对6类电子电器产品提出了有害物质限量管控的要求(RoHS)。新加坡提出的RoHS管控要求(SG-RoHS)效仿了欧盟，但也有一些不同。以下为要点。

Scope\范围

Six finished EEE (excluding spare parts and components which are sold separately) for local sale to consumers: mobile phones, mobile (portable) computers, refrigerators, air conditioners, panel televisions (TVs) & washing machines

在本地销售的手机、手提电脑、冰箱、空调、平板电视和洗衣机这六类电子电器产品

Restricted Hazardous Substance限用有害物质	
Hazardous Substance有害物质	Allowable Concentration Limit允许限量
Lead (Pb)铅 Mercury (Hg)汞 Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)六价铬 Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBBs)多溴联苯 Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs)多溴联苯醚	Maximum 1,000 ppm (0.1% by weight) for each substance 每个材料中最高不超过1,000ppm (0.1%, 按重量计)
Cadmium (Cd)镉	Maximum 100 ppm (0.01% by weight) 每个材料中最高不超过100ppm (0.01%, 按重量计)

Application Exemption\可应用的豁免
NEA would adopt the full list of applications that are exempted from the restrictions under the latest EU RoHS.
新加坡国家环保局(NEA)采用了最新版的欧盟RoHS豁免要求。

Implementation Date\实施日期
NEA would provide for a 1 year transition period from implementation of the legislation.
从立法实施日起，新加坡国家环保局(NEA)将提供为期1年的过渡期。

Demonstration of Compliance\符合性规范
At import stage, manufacturers/importers/distributors are to submit a self-declaration of conformity. In addition, they are required to prepare a technical documentation file, according to EN50581:2012 or its equivalent. The declaration form and technical documentation file are to be kept by the company and be made available upon request by NEA.在进口阶段，制造商/进口商/分销商需要提交一份自我符合性声明，以及准备一份符合EN50581:2012或其它类似规范的技术文档。声明和技术文档也需要保存在公司，在新加坡国家环保局(NEA)需要的时候随时提供。

20、Eurasian Economic Union – Proposes Draft Amendments to Technical Regulation on Safety of Toys (TP TC 008/2011 (22015.7.31)

欧亚经济联盟-建议起草关于玩具安全的技术法规TP TC 008/2011) 的修正案

The Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) has proposed Draft Amendments No.1 to the Technical Regulation on Safety of Toys (TP TC 008/2011). If approved as estimated, the amendments shall enter into force 6 months after adoption of the decision. Here are highlights of the proposed amendments:

欧亚经济委员会已建议起草关于玩具安全的技术法规 (TP TC 008/2011) 的修正案NO.1.如果通过，这个修正案将在这个决定的采纳后的6个月后实施。以下是重点：

1. Safety requirements to magnet toys containing small loose magnets are set:
对含有小的可拆卸的磁性物质的磁铁玩具

a) Definition: Magnetic toy means toy containing one or more fixed or loose magnetic elements.
定义：磁性玩具是指玩具包含一块或一块以上固定的或可拆卸磁性的部件。

b) Physical and mechanical properties: Loose magnetic elements of toys shall be sized to prevent them from swallowing and entering in the upper airways.
物理和机械性能：松散的可拆卸的玩具磁性部件必须被分类以防止被吞咽或者进入上呼吸道。

c) Magnetic properties: Loose magnets and magnetic members of toys, which can be separated from toys during playing them, the magnetic flux index shall be less than 0.5 T2mm2. The maximum value of the magnetic flux for toys with loose magnets and magnetic members shall not exceed 0.5 T2mm2.
磁性性能：能够在玩耍期间从玩具单独分离的可拆卸下的磁铁或磁性部件，磁通量轻度必须小于0.5 T2mm2。
含有独分离的可拆卸下的磁铁或磁性部件的玩具的磁通量强度最大值不能超过0.5 T2mm2。

d) Warning: The following warning shall be applied on the packaging and in the instruction manual of toys with removable magnetic elements:
“Внимание! Только для детей старше 8 лет. Содержит магнит (магниты). В случае проглатывания магниты могут притянуться друг к другу и привести к серьезным травмам. Если магнит (магниты) был (были) проглочен (проглочены), немедленно обратитесь за медицинской помощью.” (means: Attention! Only for children over 8 years. It contains magnet(s). If being swallowed, the magnets can be attracted to each other and cause serious injury. If the magnet(s) was/were ingested/swallowed, seek medical assistance immediately.)
警告：以下的警示语必须体现在含有可拆卸磁性物质的玩具的包装和说明书使用手册上：
“Внимание! Только для детей старше 8 лет. Содержит магнит (магниты). В случае проглатывания магниты могут притянуться друг к другу и привести к серьезным травмам. Если магнит (магниты) был (были) проглочен (проглочены), немедленно обратитесь за медицинской помощью.” (意思是: 注意！仅供8岁以上儿童。玩具包含磁铁。如果被吞咽，磁铁可能导致相互的吸附和严重的危害。如果磁铁被吞咽，请立即寻求医疗救助。)

2. Sanitary-chemical parameters for steel are changed as well as that for leather and fur is added as follows:
卫生-钢铁和真皮及皮毛的的化学参数被改动，如下：

Name of materials and products 物质和产品的名称	Name of defined hazardous substance 限定有害物质的名称	Migration limits 可迁移限量	
		Water environment (mg/dm3) 水环境	Air environment (mg/m3) 空气环境
Steel\钢铁	Iron 铁	0.3	-
	Manganese 锰	0.1	-
	Total Chromium 总铬	0.1	-
	Nickel 镍	0.1	-
	Copper 铜	1.0	-
Leather and fur\真皮和皮毛	Chromium (VI)六价铬	3.0	-

3. Requirements are added for swings: The suspended swings shall be firm and secure; the seats shall be designed to prevent children from falling off.
增加秋千的要求：悬挂式秋千必须是稳固和安全的；座位必须被设计成防止跌落的。

4. Electrical property of cords for flying toys is changed as follows: Cords for flying toys shall be non-metallic and with dielectric properties.
飞行玩具的绳索的电性能：飞行玩具的绳索必须是非金属和绝缘体。

5. A requirement for toy packaging is changed as follows: A toy shall have a consumer and/or a multiple packaging.
玩具的包装要求：玩具必须有一个或多个包装。

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Cyprus
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 塞浦路斯
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The doll contains di-isononyl phthalate (DINP) (measured values up to 0.16% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含0.16%的DINP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Cyprus
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 塞浦路斯
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

If a child puts the small balls attached to the wheel into the mouth, they may get stuck causing choking.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Cyprus
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 塞浦路斯
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

The chair's structure is too weak and can deform easily, which could cause the user to fall.
产品强度不够在使用中会发生

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength and durability test

产品应通过强度和疲劳测试。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 581-2



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Cyprus
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 塞浦路斯
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The chain holding the soother can easily break, generating small parts (the beads of the chain and the soother). A child could put them in the mouth, and choke.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (wheels, wind-up key and inner parts) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (the suction cups) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The rhinestones and suction cup may come off the dice, generating small parts. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The ring attached to the toy may come loose, generating a small part. A child could put it in the mouth and choke on it.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The toy's eyes can detach, generating small parts. A child could put them in the mouth and choke.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The toy's eyes can detach, generating small parts. A child could put them in the mouth and choke.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Finland
Country of origin: China
Category: childcare article
通报国: 芬兰
原产地: 中国
种类: 儿童护理产品

Harzards
危害

The restraint system does not sufficiently protect the child from falling (e.g. leg openings are too large).

产品的束缚系统不能很好的保护婴儿。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall meet the safety requirements.

产品应通过安全要求。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14988



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The small nose of the toy dog may easily detach. A small child could put it in the mouth and choke.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

The chair has insufficient stability and strength. It could consequently fall over or break during use injuring the user.

产品的强度和稳定性都不佳，使用中会对消费者产生伤害。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength and stability test

产品应通过强度和稳定性测试。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 1335



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The toys contain di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value 15.95% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含15.95%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP,可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The toy may easily break generating small parts (e.g. wheels and propeller details). A small child may put them in the mouth and choke.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

The chair is not sufficiently stable and can easily tip over. This may cause injuries. In addition, sharp edges are accessible and can cause cuts.

产品稳定性不佳，另外产品存在尖锐边缘会导致使用者割伤

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the stability test and shall not present any sharp edges.

产品应通过稳定性测试，另外产品不得存在和产生任何尖点利边。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 12520

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (eg. plastic sticker from the eyes and from the red hat) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.
该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The rattle breaks easily when dropped, generating small parts and fragments with sharp edges. A child could put the small parts in the mouth and choke on them or receive cuts from the sharp edges.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (wheels, wind-up key and inner parts) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Bulgaria
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 保加利亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (wheels, wind-up key and inner parts) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: United Kingdom
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 英国
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The handle bar can break or detach from the scooter base during use, posing a risk of injuries to the child.

产品在使用中手把会发生松脱导致儿童摔伤。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength test

产品应通过相关强度测试。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Estonia
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 爱沙尼亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The doll contains di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value 51% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含51%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Italy
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 意大利
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The doll contains di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value 54.1% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含54.1%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Estonia
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 爱沙尼亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The doll contains di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value 20% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含20%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Lithuania
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 立陶宛
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The doll contains di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value 31% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含31%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP,可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: Germany
Category: Toy

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 德国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The magnets have a high magnetic flux value and if more than one small magnet is swallowed they can be attracted to one another through the gut wall, causing perforation or blockage.

产品含有高磁通量的部件，如果儿童吞食会对肠道造成严重伤害。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The magnetic components shall not be a small part or have amagnetic flux index less than 50 kG2mm2.

产品包含的磁铁部件不能使小部件或者磁通量不得超过50KG2mm2.

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:The Netherlands
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 荷兰
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

Small parts (e.g. the small eyes) may detach from the giraffe. A small child could put them in the mouth and choke

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Childcare article

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 儿童护理产品

Harzards
危害

The attachment straps can slip. If they become loose, the child could slide out.

该产品在使用中带子会发生松脱导致婴儿摔落

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength test

产品应通过相关强度测试。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 13209-2

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:Bulgaria
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 保加利亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

Due to the presence of sharp points and edges on the accessible parts of the chair (arm rest) children might suffer cuts.

产品存在尖点利边

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall not present any sharp edges.

产品不得存在和产生任何尖点利边。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 12520



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:Denmark
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 丹麦
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The seams can be easily opened making the fibrous filling material easily accessible. A child may put the filling in his/her mouth which could obstruct the airways.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The small eyes of the teddy bear may easily detach. A small child may put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Czech Republic
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 捷克共和国
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The head of the doll contains di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measured value: 18% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含18%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

The product has holes and gaps and the fingers of a child could be trapped or pinched, causing injuries.

产品存在可导致儿童手指夹陷的孔洞。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

There shall be no holes or gaps greater than 7mm or less than 12mm into which a 7mm test probe can be inserted to a depth greater than 10mm

产品不得存在7~12mm的可允许7mm探棒插入10mm以上的孔洞。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

FIRA/FRQG C001



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Germany
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 德国
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The silver wing and the mouthpiece of the product contains di-isononyl phthalate (DINP) (measured values up to 41 % by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含41%的DINP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:The Netherlands
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 荷兰
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains small parts (wheels, wind-up key and inner parts) that can be easily detached. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country:The Netherlands
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy

通报国: 荷兰
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product contains of di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (measure value of 38% by weight).

该产品存在化学伤害，因为它包含38%的DEHP。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product
from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

According to the REACH regulation, the use of for all Toy and child care products banned DEHP, DBP and BBP, those which can be placed in the mouth of Toy and child care products banned the use of DINP, DIDP and DNOP.

根据REACH法规，所有玩具和儿童护理产品中禁止使用DEHP,DBP和BBP;可放入口中的玩具及儿童护理产品禁止使用DINP,DIDP和DNOP。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 14372

欧盟EU



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Spain
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 西班牙
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The wheels of the toy may come off, generating small parts. A child could put them in the mouth and choke on them.

该产品很容脱落产生小部件，如果被儿童吞食造成窒息危险。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Foy toys used for user less than 3 years should not exist or produce any small parts.

对于3岁以下的玩具，不应存在和产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Hungary
Country of origin: China
Category: Toy
通报国: 匈牙利
原产地: 中国
种类: 玩具

Harzards
危害

The product has holes and gaps and the fingers of a child could be trapped or pinched, causing injuries.

产品存在可导致儿童手指夹陷的孔洞。

Measures adopted by
notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market

产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

There shall be no holes or gaps greater than 5mm or less than 12mm into which a 5mm test probe can be inserted to a depth greater than 10mm

产品不得存在5~12mm的可允许5mm探棒插入10mm以上的孔洞。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

EN 71-1

美国US



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: US
Country of origin:China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 美国
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

The rear metal legs can bend unexpectedly and cause the chair to become unbalanced, posing a fall hazard to the user
产品的后腿强度不够在使用中会发生弯折。

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength test

产品应通过强度测试

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

In-house method
内部测试方法



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: US
Country of origin:China
Category: Childcare article
通报国: 美国
原产地: 中国
种类: 儿童护理产品

Harzards
危害

The strollers' and RumbleSeats' bumper bar poses a choking hazard when a child bites the bumper bar and removes a piece of the foam covering.

当儿童撕咬前扶手上填充物时，会有碎片脱落形成小部件。

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall present or produce any small parts

产品不得存在或产生任何小部件。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

ASTM F833



产品信息

Notifying country: US
Country of origin:China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 美国
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

危害

A metal bracket that connects the mattress support to the crib can break, creating an uneven sleeping surface or a gap. If this occurs, a baby can become entrapped in the crib, fall or suffer lacerations from the broken metal bracket.

产品的床基部分在使用中会发生断裂。

notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

相关标准要求

The product shall pass the strength and durability test

产品应通过强度和疲劳测试。

实验室推荐标准

ASTM F1169



产品信息

Notifying country: US
Country of origin:China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 美国
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

危害

Sharp metal edges on the back of the boards can become exposed while removing mounted boards, posing a laceration hazard.

产品存在锋利的边缘会导致割伤。

notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

相关标准要求

The product shall not present any sharp edges.

产品不得存在任何利边。

实验室推荐标准

In-house method
内部测试方法

加拿大 Canada



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Canada
Country of origin: China
Category: Sports
通报国: 加拿大
原产地: 中国
种类: 运动产品

Harzards
危害

The seam on the floatation device can leak air and deflate, posing a risk of drowning.

产品在使用中接缝会开裂导致漏气，造成溺水危险。

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

Gerenal safety requirement

产品一般安全要求

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

In-house method
内部测试方法



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Canada
Country of origin: China
Category: Food container
通报国: 加拿大
原产地: 中国
种类: 食品容器

Harzards
危害

The bottom portion of the glass vessel can break when heated and the contents can spill, posing laceration and burn hazards.

产品在倒入沸水使用底座会开裂。

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the Thermal Shock test

产品应通过冷热冲击测试

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

In-house method
内部测试方法

澳大利亚 Australia



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Au
Country of origin: China
Category: Food contact
通报国: 澳大利亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 食品容易

Harzards
危害

The base of the mug may crack, break and come free when boiling water or liquid is poured into the mug.

产品在倒入沸水使用底座会开裂。

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shall pass the Thermal Shock test

产品应通过冷热冲击测试

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

In-house method
内部测试方法



Product Information
产品信息

Notifying country: Au
Country of origin: China
Category: Furniture
通报国: 澳大利亚
原产地: 中国
种类: 家具

Harzards
危害

Inner zip may provide access to the beans which poses a potential choking hazard.

产品没有适用防儿童开启的拉链，儿童会接触到填充物如果吞食引起窒息危险

Measures adopted by notifying country
通报国采取的措施

Withdrawal of the product from the market
产品召回

Requirements of related standards
相关标准要求

The product shapp equip with a child-resistance zip.

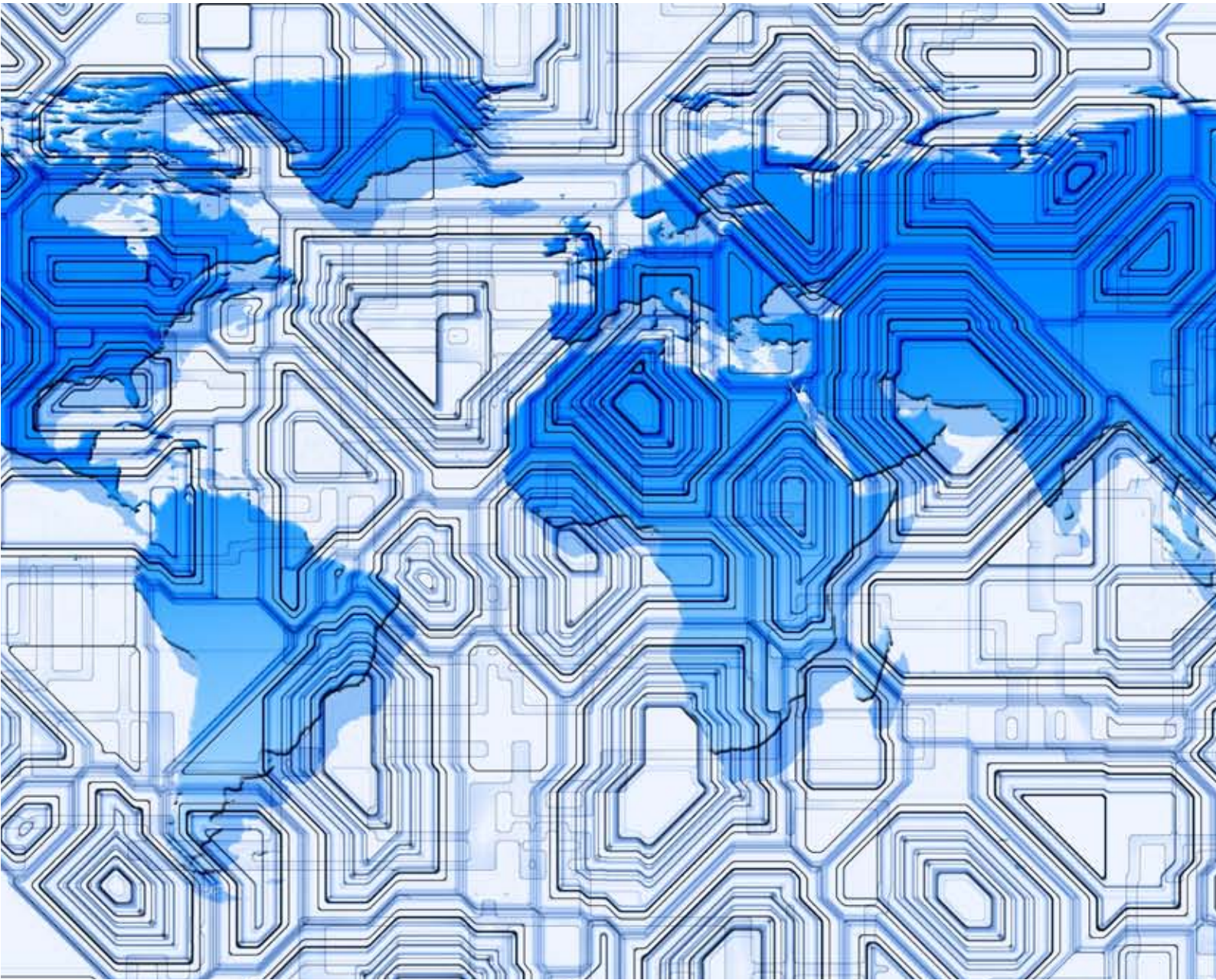
产品应配备防儿童开启拉链。

Suggestion by Lab
实验室推荐标准

Refer to ASTM F1912

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